## Prayer

## Bible Study

## Study 5

In the last lesson, we learned that we can handle trials by praying for the help of the Holy Spirit. The Bible tells us just how we should pray, and how God answers our prayers.

Let's begin by memorizing Philippians 4:6–7:

DON'T WORRY ABOUT ANYTHING; INSTEAD, PRAY ABOUT EVERYTHING. TELL GOD WHAT YOU NEED, AND THANK HIM FOR ALL HE HAS DONE. IF YOU DO THIS, YOU WILL EXPERIENCE GOD'S PEACE, WHICH IS FAR MORE WONDERFUL THAN THE HUMAN MIND CAN UNDERSTAND. HIS PEACE WILL GUARD YOUR HEARTS AND MINDS AS YOU LIVE IN CHRIST JESUS.

Jesus set an example for us in His prayers. The disciples saw that His prayers were intimate, as if He were talking with a close friend. They wanted to have the same close relationship with the Father that Jesus did, so they asked Him to teach them how to pray.

Once when Jesus had been out praying, one of his disciples came to him as he finished and said, Lord, teach us to pray, just as John taught his disciples. (Luke 11:1)

When you answer these questions, do not simply copy the verse, but use your own words.

In this lesson, you will learn:

- Why your prayers might not be answered.
- How to be sure your prayers are answered.
- What the different types of prayer are.
- 1. Why would God not give us what we ask Him for? (Give two reasons). (James 4:1–3)

Iniquity means "sin or wickedness."

"If I had not confessed the sin in my heart, my Lord would not have listened" (Psalm 66:18).

"But there is a problem—your sins have cut you off from God. Because of your sin, he has turned away and will not listen anymore" (Isaiah 59:2).

- 2. From these two Bible verses, do you think God hears our prayers when we continue to disobey His Word?
- 3. If there is sin in our lives, what should we do before bringing our requests to the Father? (1 John 1:9)

Read about the prayer of the tax collector in Luke 18:9–14.

- 4. What is one reason that the Lord wants to give us what we pray for? (John 16:24–27)
- 5. When we have needs to be met, what should our attitude be when we come to God in prayer? (Hebrews 4:16)

| 6. How can we pray so that we will be sure God will answer our prayers? (1 John 5:14–15)  |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| 7. To intercede means "to ask on someone's behalf" or "plead." When we don't know what God's will is or how we should pray about something, who will intercede for us? (Romans 8:26–27)   |  |  |  |  |
| 8. What three words describe what we need to do to receive good gifts from our Heavenly Father?   |  |  |  |  |
| (Matthew 7:7–12)  |  |  |  |  |
| Verse 7 could be better translated "keep seeking, keep knocking, and keep asking." In other words, be persistent! For an example of persistence, read the parable about persistence in Luke 18:1–8.   |  |  |  |  |
| Sometimes God answers prayer by saying, "Wait!" If we believe our prayers are in accordance with God's will and He doesn't answer with a definite "yes" or "no," we should be patient and wait for His answer. Keep asking! The Lord not only has the perfect answer for us, He has the perfect time to give us His answer. |  |  |  |  |
| 9. What happens when we pray for something in the will of God, in the name of Jesus? (John 16:23)   |  |  |  |  |
| 10. Why do we pray in the name of Jesus? (1 Timothy 2:5)  |  |  |  |  |
| To "ask in the name of Jesus" means to come to the Father based on the goodness of Jesus, not our own goodness or merits.   |  |  |  |  |
| Abide means "to remain in one place and not change." A good example of something that abides is a tree. To abide in Christ means to follow His teaching and not wander from it.   |  |  |  |  |
| Read John 15:1–17 to help you understand what it means to abide.  |  |  |  |  |
| 11. What promise does Jesus give us if we will abide or remain in Him? (John 15:7)  |  |  |  |  |
| 12. What two things should we do to be sure the Lord hears us? (Mark 11:24–25)  |  |  |  |  |
| Amen comes from the Hebrew word for "true" or "faithful." When we use it in prayer it is our way of saying we believe the Lord will answer our prayers.   |  |  |  |  |
| 13. Who is glorified when our prayers are answered? (John 14:13)  |  |  |  |  |
| 14. What are the different types of prayer? (1 Timothy 2:1)   |  |  |  |  |
|   |  |  |  |  |

- A prayer of supplication, petition, or request asks God to supply our needs.
- Intercession is a prayer for others, such as for their healing or salvation.
- Praying with *thanksgiving* and *praise* is giving God the glory He deserves for what He has done and for who He is. This is part of worship.
- Prayer is talking with God, not just to Him.

| 15. When is a good time to pray? (1 Thessalonians 5:17) |                                   |                     |  |  |
|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| For more about prayer, read Matt                        | hew 6:5–15 to see what Jesus has  | to say.             |  |  |
| Write out your memory verse bel                         | low:                              |                     |  |  |
|   |                                   |                     |  |  |
| If you have any questions or pray  Male Female          | er requests, please enclose a not | e with this lesson. |  |  |
| Name  |                                   | Age                 |  |  |
| Address   |                                   |                     |  |  |
| City  | State                             | Zip                 |  |  |
| Occupation  | Phone                             |                     |  |  |
| Please send this study back and v                       | we'll be happy to send you the ne | ext study:          |  |  |

Used by permission of Harvest Ministries, Riverside, California. Copyright © 2007 by Harvest Ministries. All rights reserved. www.harvest.org

Unless otherwise noted, Scripture quotations are from the Holy Bible, New Living Translation, copyright © 1996. Used by permission of Tyndale House Publishers, Inc., Wheaton, Illinois 60189. All rights reserved.